

BATON 100EC

ASTRA INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX CO., LTD. "ASTRACHEM" P.O. Box 30447, AL-KHOBAR 31952 KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA Tel # (+966) 3 8121 406

Revision Date: 30/09/2017

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Name

: Baton 100EC

Chemical Class

: Pyrethroid Insecticide

Active ingredient

: Bifenthrin

Molecular Formula: C₂₃H₂₂ClF₃O₂

Uses Producer : Baton 100EC is used in public health : Astra Industrial Complex Co., Ltd.

P.O. Box 30447, Al-Khobar 31952

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Emergency Tel # (+966) 3 8121 406

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Bifenthrin Technical

CAS No. 82657-04-3

Chemical Name: 2-methylbiphenyl-3- ylmethyl (Z)-(1RS, 3RS)-3-(2-chloro-3, 3, 3-

trifluoroprop-1-enyl)-2, 2- dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate

Ingredient Name	CAS#	OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV	Other
Bifenthrin (10 % w/v)	82657-04-3	None	None	None

3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Immediate Concerns: Viscous liquid, crystalline solid or waxy solid with a very faint, slightly sweet odor.

Slightly combustible. May support combustion at elevated temperatures.

Thermal decomposition and burning may form toxic by-products. For large exposures or fire, wear personal protective equipment .highly toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Keep out of drains and water courses.

Moderately toxic if swallowed

Potential Health Effects;

Effects from overexposure result from either swallowing or coming into contact with the skin. Symptoms of overexposure include bleeding from the nose, tremors and convulsions. Contact with this product may occasionally produce skin sensations such as rashes, numbing, burning and tingling. These sensations are reversible and usually subside within 12 hours.

Medical Conditions Aggravated: None presently known

Primary Routes of Entry:

Acute and chronic effects from overexposure may result from inhalation, ingestion, or absorption through the skin.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye: Flush eyes with for at least 15 minutes. Lift the upper and lower eyelids intermittently.

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See an ophthalmologist.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and wash with soap and water. If irritation persists, see a physician.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Contact a medical doctor.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing administer artificial respiration. Avoid unprotected mouth to mouth resuscitation. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Note to Physician:

Removal of exposure and symptomatic and supportive treatment is recommended. Gastric lavage with an endotracheal tube in place should be considered as aromatic hydrocarbons in this formulation may produce a fatal pneumonitis if aspirated.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion:

Flash point and Method: 42.2°C (108 F)

Extinguishing Media:

Foam, CO₂ or dry chemical. Soft stream water fog only if necessary. Contain all runoff.

Degree of Fire/Explosion Hazard:

Moderately combustible. When heated above the flash point this material release flammable vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive. Sealed, overheated containers may present an explosion hazard.

Firefighting procedures:

Isolate fire area. Evacuate downwind. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe smoke, gases or vapors generated. Try to keep containers cool with soft stream water fog.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride and hydrogen fluoride.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Conditions to Avoid (Incompatibility)

Excessive heat, and fire and oxides. Thermal decomposition and burning may produce toxic by-products.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken if material is released or spilled:

Isolate and spill area. Wear protective clothing and personal protective equipment as prescribed in section 8, "Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection". Keep unprotected persons and animals out of the area.

Keep material out of streams and sewers. If Liquid: Dike to confine spill and absorb with an absorbent such as clay, sand or soil. If SOLID: Large spills should be covered to prevent dispersal. For dry material, use a wet sweeping compound or water to prevent the formation of dust. If water is used, prevent runoff or dispersion of excess liquid by diking

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and absorbing with a non-combustible absorbent such as clay, sand or soil. Vacuum, shovel or pump waste into a drum and label contents for disposal.

Open dumping or burning of this material or its packaging is prohibited. An acceptable method of disposal is to burn in an incinerator in accordance with all local, state and federal environmental laws, rules, standards and regulations. Because acceptable methods of disposal may vary by location, and because regulatory requirements any change, the appropriate regulatory agencies should be contacted prior to disposal. Steel containers which held these materials may be cleaned by being triple-rinsed, and recycled with the rinsate being incinerated. Do not cut or weld metal containers. Vapors that form inside may create an explosion hazard.

To clean and neutralize spill area, tools and equipment, wash with suitable solution of caustic or soda ash, and as appropriate alcohol (i.e., methanol, ethanol or isopropanol) follow this by washing with a strong soap and water solution. Absorb, as above, any excess liquid and add to the drums of waste already collected. Repeat if necessary. Dispose of drummed waste according to the method outlined in Section 13, "Disposal Considerations"

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Procedures:

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Do not use or store near heat, open flame or hot surfaces. Store in original containers only. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food or feed by storage or disposal

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protection recommendations for mixing or applying this product are prescribed on the product label. Those directions should be followed. Information stated below provides useful, additional guidance.

Ventilation:

Use local exhaust at all process locations to control employee exposure. Store in a wellventilated area. Thoroughly ventilate all transport vehicles prior to unloading.

Work Clothing:

Depending upon concentrations encountered, wear long-sleeved uniform or coveralls and head covering. For larger exposures as in the case of spills, wear full body cover barrier suit such as a rubber rain suit. A safety shower should be located nearby. Launder all clothing before reuse.

Eye Protection:

For splash, vapor or mist exposure, wear chemical protective goggles or full-face shield. Emergency eyewash fountain should be located nearby.

Engineering Controls:

General air replacement or dilution ventilation is sufficient for material handling and storage, but local ventilation should be used when removing this product from containers. COMPLEX CO. LTD.

Ventilate all transport vehicles prior to unloading.

Personal Protective Equipment

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Eyes and Face: For splash, mist, vapor or dust exposure wear chemical protective goggles or a face shield.

Respiratory:

For vapor or mist exposure, wear, as a minimum, a properly fitted half- face or full face airpurifying respirator which is approved for pesticides (U.S. NIOSH/MSHA, EU CEN or comparable certification organization). Respirator use and selection must be based on airborne concentrations.

Protective clothing:

Depending upon concentrations encountered, wear coveralls or long- sleeved uniform and head covering. For larger exposures as in the case of spills, wear full body cover barrier suit, such as a PVC suit. Leather items-such as shoes, belts and watchbands — that become contaminated should be removed and destroyed. Launder all work clothing before reuse (Separately from household laundry).

Work hygienic practices:

Clean water should be available for washing in case of eye or skin contamination. Wash skin prior to eating, drinking or using tobacco. Shower at the end of the workday.

Gloves:

Wear chemical protective gloves made of materials such as rubber, neoprene, or PVC. Thoroughly wash the outside of gloves with soap and water prior to removal. Inspect regularly for leaks.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Assay:

"Bifenthrin" $100 \text{ g/L w/v} \pm 10 \%$

Appearance:

Clear light yellow to light brown liquid free from visible impurities

Density:

0.913 gm/mL

pH (undiluted):

4.0

Persistence Foam:

Max 60 ml after 1 min

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

Stable

Condition to avoid:

Excessive heat and fire. Hazardous

Polymerization:

will not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Formulation:

Oral (Rats) LD50:

300 mg/kg

Dermal (Rabbits) LD50:

Acute Dermal Irritation:

>2000 mg/kg

Inhalation LC50:

>2.48 mg/L of air

Acute Eye Irritation:

Non-Irritant Non-Irritant

Skin Sensitisation:

Weak Sensitizer

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Acute effects from overexposure:

Bifenthrin is moderately toxic if swallowed and has low dermal toxicity. It is non-irritating to the skin and practically non-irritating to the eyes. Large doses of bifenthrin ingested by laboratory animals produced signs of toxicity including convulsions, tremors and bloody nasal discharge. Bifenthrin does not cause acute delayed neurotoxicity. Experience to date indicates that contact with bifenthrin may occasionally produce skin sensations such as rashes, numbing, burning or tingling. These sensations are reversible and usually subside within 12 hours.

Chronic effects from Overexposure:

In studies with laboratory animals, bifenthrin did not cause reproductive toxicity or teratogenicity. Tremors were associated with repeated exposure of laboratory animals to bifenthrin. In lifetime feeding studies conducted with rodents, a slight increase in the incidence of urinary bladder tumors at the highest does in male mice was considered to be an equivocal response, not evidence of a clear compound –related effect. The overall absence of genotoxicity has been demonstrated in mutagenicity tests with bifenthrin.

Carcinogenicity:

IARC:

Not listed

NTP:

Not listed

OSHA:

Not listed

Other:

(ACGIH) not listed

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Data

Bifenthrin has moderate stability in the soil under aerobic conditions (half-life range from 65-125 days depending on soil type) and is stable at a wide range of pH values. Bifenthrin has a high log pow (>6.0), a high affinity for organic matter, and is not mobile in soil. Therefore, there is little potential for movement into ground water. There is the potential for bifenthrin to bioconcentrate (BCF = 11,750)

Ecotoxicological Information:

Bifenthrin is highly toxic to fish and aquatic arthropods and LC50 values range from 0.0038 to 17.8 μ g/L. in general, the aquatic arthropods are the most sensitive species. Care should be taken to avoid contamination of the aquatic environment. Bifenthrin had no effect on mollusks at its limit of water solubility. Bifenthrin is only slightly toxic to both water fowl and upland game birds (LD50 Values range from 1,800 mg/Kg to >2,150 mg/kg)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Disposal Method:

Open dumping or burning of this material or its packaging is prohibited. If spilled material cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, an acceptable method of disposal is to incinerate in accordance with local, state and national environmental laws, rules, standards and regulations. However, because acceptable methods of disposal may vary by location and regulatory requirements may change, the appropriate agencies

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should be contacted prior to disposal.

Empty Container

Non-returnable containers, which held this material, should be cleaned, prior to disposal, by triple rinsing. Containers which held this material may be cleaned by being triple-rinsed, and recycled, with the rinsate being incinerated. Do not cut or weld metal containers. Vapors that form may create an explosion hazard.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally hazardous substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (Bifenthrin)

UN. No: 3082

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Hazard Class: Packing group:

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Subsidiary Risks:

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION.

RISK PHRASES:

R20/22 Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed

R36/37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

SAFETY PHRASES:

S2 Keep out of reach of children

S13 Keep away from food, drink and animal feed stuff

S23 Do not breathe vapour/spray

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes

S44 If you feel unwell, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre immediately. (Show the label where possible).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This MSDS summarizes our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace based on publicly available and internally available information. Each user should read this MSDS and consider the information in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace including in conjunction with other products. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.



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